National Levee Design and Monitoring Standards in the Netherlands

National Levee Design and Monitoring Standards in the Netherlands Overview of Presentation - Preface: NWP - Brief (recent) history - Legislative aspects - Assessment in practice - Results of the recent assessment - Developments

National Water Partnership Dutch water activities in the US - Hurricane Katrina was wake-up call; catalysed demand for water expertise - Exchange of knowledge and expertise; lessons learned for all parties - Large contracts awarded in New Orleans - Spin-off opportunities in California, Florida, New York

National Water Partnership

Dutch companies in the USA

Present in the USA

- ARCADIS
- Fugro
- DHV
- Royal Haskoning
- Interbeton

Projects in the USA

- DeltaRes (Delft Hydraulics, GeoDelft, TNO)
- Alterra
- HKV Consultants
- Infram



National Water Partnership

Opportunities

- Cooperation RWS and USACE leading to (ao) Dutch Perspective
- Missions to/from New Orleans (Schultz, Landrieu, van Gennip, Schaap, Huizinga)
- Individual contacts of (Dutch) companies
- Commitment of Dutch government and the Dutch embassy in cooperation with NWP
- Near future: 2g@there, multi-year program to further strengthen US/Dutch cooperation





National Levee Design and Monitoring Standards in the Netherlands Delta Law (1956): increase protection levels Law on Flood Defense (1996, updated 2005): maintain protection levels Specify safety standards (in accordance with Delta Law) Assessment in a five-year cycle Evaluation of standards in a ten-year cycle (since 2005) Specific spatial planning procedures for defense reinforcement (since 2005) Ministerial directive (every five years): provide legal status of new assessment rules and hydraulic conditions

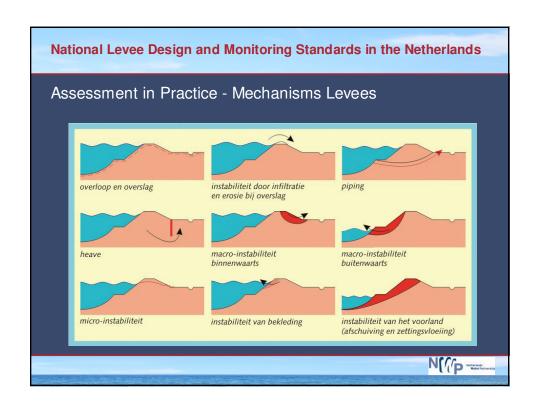


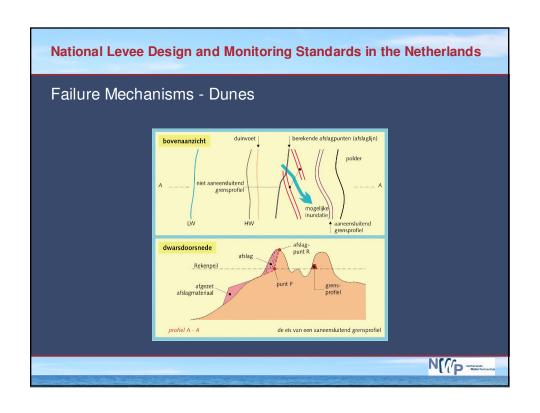


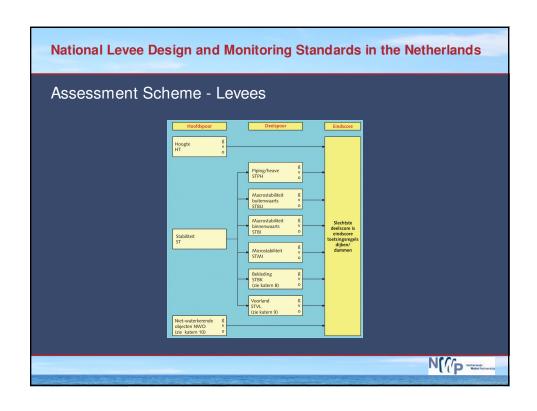


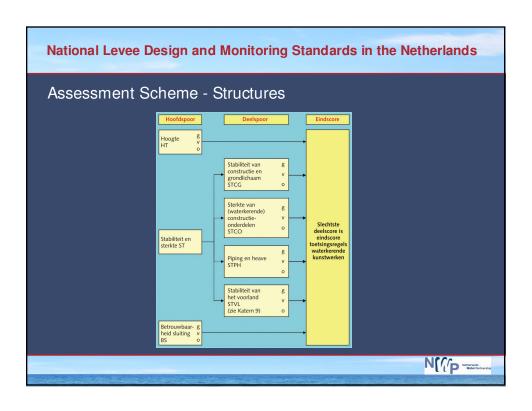












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Organization of the Assessment

Entity	Responsibility
Ministry of Public Works and Water Management	Responsible for preparation of: Assessment master plan Assessment rules Hydraulic conditions Report to parliament about assessment results
Rijkswaterstaat	Execution of the work of the Ministry Defense manager of a set of crucial defenses (see below)
Provinces	Supervise assessment in their territory Report to minister about results
Water boards	Execute assessment in their territory Report to province about results

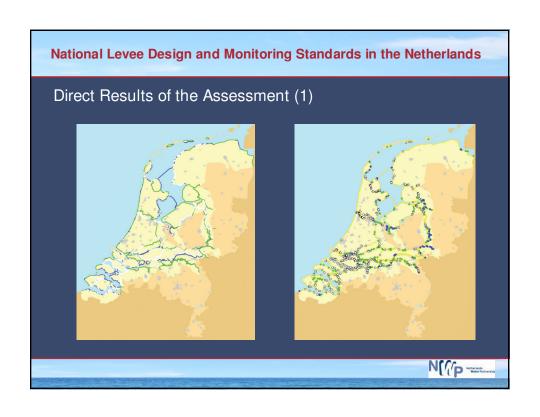


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Organization of the Assessment (2)

Entity	Responsibility
National inspection authority	Quality assurance of the assessment process (nationally)
National expertise network (ENW)	Quality control of assessment on technical level Specialist input on request of defense managers (trouble shooting) Proposals for improving safety standards and assessment tools
Other knowledge networks	Development of rules/methods for specific areas of interest







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Indirect Results of the Assessment Cycle

- Has led to considerable improvement of flood defense management
- Has increased public awareness and support regarding flood protection
- Has improved levee technology
- Has improved monitoring technology

In short: the assessment cycle has initiated continued growth



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Recent Developments and Future

- Towards a standard on system level
- Update of standards based on new risk estimates
- Further development of assessment tools
- New knowledge about our defenses
- Dutch water law, incorporating nine water-related laws into one (including law on flood defense)
- European flood directive (directive 2007/60/EC)



National Levee Design and Monitoring Standards in the Netherlands Conclusions The assessment cycle: - Has a basis in Dutch law - Provides a clear basis for the high water protection program - Grants that changing conditions are incorporated in the protection system - Initiates growth in Dutch flood defence management

